## "CIRCLING" TEMPLATE

Statement using a student as the subject and proper noun or cognate as object: (**Lana finds a Rolex.**)

Circle the subject:

| +   |
|---|
| (Does Lana find a Rolex? Yes, Lana finds a Rolex.)  |
| or  |
| Does Lana find a Rolex or does Pat find a Rolex? Right, Pat doesn't find a Rolex, Lana finds a Rolex)                 |
|   |
| (Does <b>Pat</b> find a Rolex? No, Pat doesn't find a Rolex, Lana finds a Rolex)                                      |
| ?   |
| Who finds a Rolex?That's right, Lana finds a Rolex.)  |
| Circle the <b>verb</b> :  |
| +   |
| (Does Lana <b>find</b> a Rolex? Yes, Lana finds a Rolex.)   |
| or  |
| (Does Lana <b>find</b> a Rolex <b>or</b> does Lana <b>eat</b> a Rolex? Lana doesn't eat a Rolex; Lana finds a Rolex.) |
| •   |
| (Does Lana <b>eat</b> a Rolex?Of course not, Lana doesn't eat a Rolex; Lana finds a Rolex.)                           |
| ?   |
| (What does Lana do? Lana finds a Rolex.)  |
| Circle the complement:  |
| +   |
| (Does Lana find a <b>Rolex</b> ? Yes, Lana finds a Rolex.)  |
| or  |
| (Does Lana find <b>a Hummer or</b> does Lana find <b>a Rolex</b> ?Lana doesn't find a Hummer, Lana finds a Role       |
|   |
| Does Lana find <b>a Hummer</b> ?How ridiculous, Lana doesn't find a Hummer;Lana finds a Rolex.)                       |
| ?   |
| (What does Lana find?That's right, Lana finds a Rolex.)   |
| Affirmative/Negative <b>Assessment</b> (to see who is ready for extended output):                                     |
|   |
| Does Lana find a Rolex or doesn't she find a Rolex? Does Lana eat a Rolex or doesn't she eat a                        |
| Rolex?)   |

\*\*\* Ask questions in random order. An open-ended question is typically asked after every 2 -3 circling questions. This makes the questions (and the target sentence) longer and more interesting.